

Public Ledger

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.
THOMAS A. DAVIS,
EDITOR AND OWNER.

OFFICE—Public Ledger Building, No. 10 West Third Street.

SUBSCRIPTIONS IN ADVANCE
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Six Months \$3.00
Three Months \$1.50
Per Month \$0.50
Delivered by Carrier
For Month \$0.50
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LARGEST IN THE CITY.

TO ADVERTISERS.
Advertising rates uniform and reasonable and made known on application at the office.

Subscribers who fail to get their paper regularly will receive a notice by mail to report the fact at the office.

Republican Ticket.

FOR CONGRESS,
RON. SAMUEL J. PUGH,
OF LEWIS.
FOR JUDGE,
M. C. HUTCHINS.
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
GEORGE W. ADAMS.
FOR CLERK,
WILLIAM D. COCHRAN.
FOR JAILER,
JOHN JOHNSON.
FOR SHERIFF,
THAD F. MOORE.
FOR CORONER,
ROSE STANTON.
FOR ASSASSIN,
J. DAVID DYE.
FOR SENSITOR,
T. P. BULLOCK.

McKINLEY AND WILSON ABROAD.

In 1890 William McKinley was burned in effigy in the English manufacturing city of Sheffield. But in 1891 William L. Wilson was dined and dined in London because he is the author of a Free-trade Tariff Bill. These are significant facts.

The Maine Democrats have taken to the woods. There is a rumor that they are lost, for the Maine woods are large and the Maine Democrats are few.

The Wilson Bill raised the duty on sugar, but lowered it 62 per cent. on playing cards, 50 per cent. on opium prepared for smoking and 50 per cent. on pistols.

Democratic organs are claiming that free wool brought in from foreign countries increases the price of American grown wool and decreases the price of goods made of wool. Do you ever hear of such a fool set of idiots? Take the Portsmouth Blade. Why, such an argument is this is enough to make a food sick at the stomach. Yet it goes for good logic with the organized ignorance of the country.

The elimination of sugar bounties saves to the American people nearly \$15,000,000 annually.—Senator Hill.
Why not have stated the whole case, asks The Economist, and added that the imposition of an ad valorem tax on raw sugar added \$50,000,000 to the "burden of taxation" of the American people, making a net loss to the people of \$35,000,000, besides injuring the producers of domestic sugar? Would such an admission have injured the client's case?

The Editor of THE PUBLIC LEDGER seems inclined to doubt the statement of The Bulletin that at the Democratic meeting at Dietrich's Grove the other night "crowds stood up for three hours and a ting began about 7:30 and closed at 5:15, half listening to the speeches." The speaker of 11 o'clock. A gentleman who is a member of the G. A. R. and who has been a good Republican, but who will vote the Democratic ticket November 6th, was present and can vouch for this.—Bulletin.

The above ought to "have a fence put around it" and be kept standing at the head of column. It's the most sensible thing the Editor of The Bulletin has gotten off during the campaign. It bears the stamp of truth in every line, and it is altogether superfluous to call in a Grand Army man to prove it. More than this, there is no "inadvertence" about it—it's plain, unvarnished fact, and expresses The Bulletin Editor's sentiments to a dot. The only thing that surprises us is that the Editor was honest enough to dump his brain-pan all at once.

CHESTNUTS are now selling at \$1.00 per bushel, and the country man who gathers them at that price makes money. Many who have brought them to market take them back home rather than sell at this rate.—Ashland News.

This talk of low prices under Democratic Free-trade is of itself getting to be quite chestnut.

THE Ironclad asks if the workmen of Ironclad want to go back again to the McKinley Law. Well, from the way they rolled up \$80,000 majority for McKinley for Governor, it looks very much like all the workmen of Ohio would like to get under that umbrella once more.

MIKE "DIXIE, I do be after hearin' that 't' Dimey Congress an' President 'ave put timber an' to free list. Phwat did they do for that?"

DIXIE—"Begob, I don't know, unless it be that they cuden't get enough variety at home to make 't' different planks in their platform-runs."

JOHN WHEELER has received a consignment of Canadian apples. The McKinley Law taxed them 35 cents a bushel to keep them out of the American market. The new Democratic Tariff puts them on the free list, and here they are in Mayville to displease American grown apples, although if a Mason county farmer should ship apples to Canada the Canadian customs officers would charge him a duty of 35 cents a bushel.—Public Ledger.

What about you people who want to buy apples cheap, Brother Davis?—Carle's Mercury.

As the Mercury is a most respectable Democratic paper it affords THE LEDGER great pleasure to answer its question, which is best done by saying that Mr. WHEELER sold his Canadian apples at exactly the same price that he sold American-grown apples out of a barrel that stood alongside the Canadian article. That's all there is about it, neighbor.

The lumbermen of Canada are busy people. Some 6,000,000 logs have been rafted into Collingwood for the purpose of being cut up in the mills there. This work will provide employment until fall, when another supply of logs will be on hand, and all this lumber would have been cut at Saginaw or Bay City had Protection been allowed to American lumber interests. Collingwood is one of the border towns of the Canadian lumber industry, and there are many other larger towns where a greater amount of lumber is cut and sawed. Free lumber will be of great advantage to Canada, as also will be the lower duties on barley, live stock, meats and vegetables, besides others that are placed upon the free list. American Democratic Free-trade Tariff tinkering is a great thing for the farmers of Ontario.

How's This?
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for anyone who can identify the man who was killed at the Catholic Church.

F. J. CHENEY & CO.,
Proprietors, Toledo, O.
We are the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable, all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by him.

W. B. TRACY,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KISSIN & MARTIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, not directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. It is a purely medicinal, sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

FREE ADVERTISING.
No Charge! Advertisements taken at the rate of 10 cents per line for the first week, and 5 cents per line for each succeeding week. No charge for insertion in the "Wanted" column. No charge for insertion in the "Lost" column. No charge for insertion in the "Found" column. No charge for insertion in the "For Rent" column. No charge for insertion in the "For Sale" column. No charge for insertion in the "For Hire" column. No charge for insertion in the "For Exchange" column. No charge for insertion in the "For Information" column. No charge for insertion in the "For Notice" column. No charge for insertion in the "For Announcement" column. No charge for insertion in the "For Advertisement" column. No charge for insertion in the "For Notice" column. No charge for insertion in the "For Announcement" column. No charge for insertion in the "For Advertisement" column.

WANTED—White woman to make her hair. If answers fail to come the first time, we invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you desire for. We wish the advertiser to feel that they are not imposing on us by using our free columns.

Advertisements can be left at our office or sent through the mail to THE PUBLIC LEDGER COMPANY, No. 10 E. Third Street.

WANTED—To do work in a house. Address LLOYD J. MYNOR, 1010 E. Third Street.

WANTED—Cook, one from the country per month. Apply at 44 West Third Street.

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T IS NO MORE.

The "Quadruple Alliance" Dies a Natural Death.

Its Object Was the Settlement of the China-Japan Dispute.

The refusal of the United States to join the Alliance, the Russian refusal to join the Alliance, and the Japanese refusal to join the Alliance.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—The "Quadruple Alliance" between England, France, Germany and Russia, which had for its object the settlement of the dispute between China and Japan, is no more. News of its demise reached the diplomatic world here Thursday. The completed intervention is therefore definitely postponed.

The refusal of this country to join the alliance for the end of the war, the reason of the smash. When the news that the United States had declined the invitation had been transmitted through the British embassy here to London and thence to Russia, France and Germany, the Russian ambassador to Great Britain promptly cabled the information to St. Petersburg. He shortly afterward received an intimation that the czar was not particularly anxious for the prosecution of the proposed intervention anyway.

A little later word came from Germany that that country would not participate in the convention, and therefore withdrew from the alliance. The reason was not given, but there is excellent authority for saying that the withdrawal was due to the refusal of the other members of the compact to agree what they would have for their reward, as large a slice of Chinese territory as the demands.

This action on the part of Germany was followed by the formal withdrawal of Russia. The true reason for Russia's backing out is her belief that she will get about what she wants anyway, and that, too, without Great Britain aggrandizing herself in the Orient, as would result from a quadruple intervention, though Russia would have remained in the alliance had this country joined.

France has not withdrawn so far as is known here. Probably she thinks that in view of the action of Germany and Russia there is no chance of drawing from. Another alliance may of course be made. Pretty much any thing may take place in the European diplomatic world in the shape of a land-grabbing expedition.

So far as the present situation is concerned, however, China and Japan will have to fight it out between themselves.

REIMPORTED WHISKY.

The Secretary Makes a Decision of Importance to Distillers.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—Secretary Carlisle has made an interesting decision with reference to reimported domestic spirits distilled in a bonded warehouse. The Louisville Distillery Co. asked, in view of the fact that certain of these spirits (about to be sold for customs duties) are held to be subject to a duty equal to the foreign spirits.

The new ruling in this country. NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—A consignment of a drug upon which the attention of the medical profession the world over is centered has just come through the custom house. It is a small quantity of the new remedy for diphtheria, the anti-toxin serum. This is the first portion of the drug to reach this country from the laboratory of Prof. Behring, of Berlin, who is its discoverer.

TO HANG NEXT MONTH.

St. Louis, Oct. 26.—George Centrell, of Belleville, Ill., was Thursday morning sentenced to die by hanging on November 30. Centrell murdered Fred Kahn, a well-known St. Louis lawyer, and Kahn's wife could live together. He acknowledged his guilt and said Mrs. Kahn instigated him to kill her husband.

A Professor Destroys Himself.

BROOKINGS, S. D., Oct. 26.—Prof. Wylie Mellette, son of ex-Gov. Mellette and instructor in the mechanical department of the agricultural college here, cut his throat with a razor Thursday. He had been sick during the day and went to a shed and committed suicide. When found he was dead. No cause is known.

SEVEN YEARS.

NORTH VERMONT, Ind., Oct. 26.—Thorton Jarvis, charged with the murder of Peter M. Holden at Brownstown, Jackson county, on the night of December 23, 1893, was sentenced to seven years in the southern prison Thursday morning. The case was brought to this (Jennings) county on charge of venue.

WAS NOT CONVICTED.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—Chief Hazen, of the secret service, has received from Rochester, N. Y., a new counterfeit free-dollary treasury note with the Thomas head. The bill is from a very poorly executed etched plate. The features of Thomas are blurred and the lettering and lathery in every part.

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—Mrs. Mary A. Woodbridge, corresponding secretary of the National and World's W. C. T. U., died Thursday evening, she was stricken with apoplexy two days ago. The funeral will be held Friday, and the body taken to Ravensno, O., for interment.

WILL NOT WAIT A LEGATION.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—The Hawaiian government is considering the advisability of securing a permanent legation resident in the northwestern part of Washington which will be commensurate with the importance of the representation in the United States.

GOING HOME TO YOLO.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—W. E. Shields, foreman of the government printing office and was running at a high rate of speed. The train, being three hours late, was running at a high rate of speed. Both the bodies were mangled and the men died instantly. The body of one was hurled across a creek several hundred feet.

SMALLPOX AT WASHINGTON.

A number of cases among Government clerks.—The District Authorities Employing Measures to Prevent its Spread.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—The Treasury department, interior and pension office clerks are in a panic stricken condition over five cases of smallpox which have developed in Washington during the past two or three days. Two of the patients are employees of the pension office, one a member of the board of review and the others a colored messenger.

These men caught the disease from the father of a child who died in the city without a baby carriage. Remember, this means that the disease is spreading.

Among those who are ill are two residents of boarding-houses, where other clerks live. In one house over twenty of these boarders are government employees. These people have nearly all been quarantined but half a dozen have escaped, and the authorities are warning away from boarding-houses keepers not to harbor them.

THE COOK OUTLAYS.

Are Still Terrorizing the Whole of Indian Territory.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Oct. 26.—The Cook band of outlaws continue to commit depredations in the Indian territory. A station 12 miles southwest of Wagoner, on the M. & K. T. road, was robbed last night Wednesday.

Col. D. R. Nelson came through the territory en route to his home at Knoxville. He reports that the Cook gang has divided into squads of four men each, who are robbing stations and travelers right and left. One squad rode last night on the M. & K. T. south of Wagoner, and held up the agent.

The robbers were unmasked and took their time in getting out of the place. A drummer riding in a buggy was halted, and at the point of Winchester compelled to give up \$350.

Col. Nelson says that a part of Cook's gang were seen in Ft. Gibson Tuesday morning. They were making no effort to evade the officers.

THE CAR BOARDED TO HIS PAIN.

BERLIN, Oct. 26.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Cologne Gazette telegraphs that the czar received with courage the information of four men, a class that there was no hope of saving his life. The same correspondent adds that a few days later, when he was having some rest, he suddenly remarked: "It is sad that a man of my years should have to die, though, personally, I do not cling overmuch to my life. If God still deem my life useful to my dear country, he will make me well."

GOLD FOUND IN A CAVE.

DURANGO, Colo., Oct. 26.—While Joseph Maria Herrera was herding a flock of sheep on the ranch of Julio Flores, forty miles west of here Tuesday night he discovered a cave which he partly explored. He found stored in the cave a box filled with gold coins and coins amounting to \$30,000. It is supposed that the treasure is a part of the ill-gotten gains of the brigand Benito Nariz, who operated in that section thirty years ago.

THE NEW RING IN THIS COUNTRY.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—A consignment of a drug upon which the attention of the medical profession the world over is centered has just come through the custom house. It is a small quantity of the new remedy for diphtheria, the anti-toxin serum. This is the first portion of the drug to reach this country from the laboratory of Prof. Behring, of Berlin, who is its discoverer.

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We are Ready for Encouraged

Business.

And to give all the advantage of securing a

BABY CARRIAGE!

We have made a reduction of 25 per cent. on all, so no one needs be without a baby carriage. Remember, this means for cash only.

BEDROOM SUITS!

We will be pleased to have you call and examine our Solid Oak Bedroom Suits at \$15, reduced from \$20, and our \$25 Suits reduced to \$19.

SIDEBOARDS!

From \$12.50 to \$15.

PARLOR SUITS!

Consisting of six pieces, Oak Frame, from \$20 to \$25.

HATRACKS!

Solid Oak, French Plate Revolving Glass, from \$7.50 to \$10.

BED-LOUNGES, CHAIRS!

We have also reduced the prices on our Bed Lounges, Chairs, etc., to one-third the former prices. Remember, these prices are Spot Cash to July 1st, 1894, at \$10.

HENRY ORT'S

FURNITURE HOUSE,

No. 11 East Second St., MAYSVILLE, KY.

Martin Bros.

The Confectioners.

No. 111 East Third Street, MAYSVILLE, KY.

M.C.R.

TRADEMARK.

M. C. Russell & Son

WHOLESALE

Grocers, Liquor Dealers, Seedsmen.

HEADQUARTERS FOR ALL KINDS OF FIELD SEEDS!

WHITE, JUDD & CO.

—Are in the—

FURNITURE BUSINESS

At No. 49 W. Second Street.

White, Judd & Co.

—Are in the—

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ROSEBERY.

The Premier Makes an Important Speech in Sheffield.

The Czar of Russia the Preserver of the Peace of Europe.

Great Britain Will Not Interfere in the War Between Japan and China—There is no Connection Between England and France About Madagascar.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—Lord Rosebery made an important speech in Sheffield Thursday evening.

Everybody, he said, acquainted with the history of Russia the last twelve years must feel an immense debt of obligation to the czar, the watchword of whose reign was worship of peace. The czar would enjoy in history a reputation as a victor in peace not less undisputed than the reputation Caesar and Napoleon enjoyed as conquerors. The premier extolled the czar's absolutely conscientious devotion to truth in diplomatic as well as in private matters. Great Britain, he said, had the greatest possible interest in the continuation of the czar's life and health, because, if he should be removed, the greatest guarantee of peace of the world would disappear.

Referring to the recent meeting of the British cabinet, the premier said that none of the alleged hints on the summiting of the czar at that occasion were correct. The question of intervention between Japan and China was not discussed. The czar had been issued to the powers and no rebuff had been suffered from them. He would, he continued, state in general the government's policy in regard to China and Japan. It was impossible to regard with indifference a possible sudden destruction of the central government of China. The situation already none too strong. Its destruction would involve appalling danger to every Christian in the Chinese empire, and an even more dangerous and barbarous elements into every adjoining part of the world, implying the greatest possible catastrophe to Asiatic civilization. [Applause.]

After the first Japanese victory the British government had learned from a very high and most convincing source that China was willing to concede honorable terms, materially exceeding Japan's demands when the war was entered upon, and such as Japan could certainly accept without lessening her prestige or advantage. Her ministry could not absolutely pocket this, and did not and any great advantage upon the overtures but continued upon their duty to sound the countries of Europe and the United States and ascertain whether, in their opinions, there was any possibility of China and Japan coming to terms on the basis indicated. The reception of Great Britain's overtures was favorable. The European powers seemed to feel that a common calamity overhung them, but one which was judged that the time had arrived when conditions could, with advantage, be submitted to the combatants.

It might be asked why he had consulted the powers at all—why he had not acted alone. He would reply that a great catastrophe of this kind would move powers were engaged in the efforts toward peace, so much the better was the prospect of their attaining their object. He said, however, it was possible, every British foreign minister should obtain a concert of the powers in important internal affairs, and in such a case as the present the foreign minister would have been culpable if he had not sought a concert of the powers. Moreover, in the present condition of affairs the war has produced, it would have been impossible for Great Britain to attempt to impose its will as a holder without incurring the suspicion of the other powers and all interested in the east.

Referring to Madagascar, Lord Rosebery said he doubted whether the name had ever been mentioned between France and Great Britain. He hoped this would dispel the contention between France and Great Britain in regard to Madagascar. France had undoubtedly treaty rights in and a protectorate over Madagascar. As long as France did not exceed her rights, which there was no reason to suppose she would do, and which could only be by the treaty which she herself had signed.

JAPS WIN A BATTLE.

Only a Little Over, But Goes—Not a Single Jap Fatally Wounded.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—A dispatch to the Central News from W. J. J. says Count Yamagata, commander-in-chief of the Japanese forces in Korea, has reported to the government that the detachment of 1,000 Japanese Infantry crossed the Yalu river on the morning of October 24 at Sukohin, above W. J. Shortly after crossing the river the troops met a body of Chinese, composed of six hundred cavalry and one hundred infantry, two cannon. The Japanese at once made an attack upon the enemy and the latter fled, leaving behind them the two guns and a large number of arms and accoutrements. The Chinese lost twenty killed or wounded, but there was not a single fatality among the Japanese. The latter also seized a fort near the crossing and captured a detachment of Chinese. A detachment of the Japanese forces is advancing upon Laisien, and the main body is crossing the Yalu river.

THE HILL STAR.

QUINCY, Ill., Oct. 26.—Minnie, the 17-year-old daughter of Bruce Poland, a prominent citizen of Quincy, was shot Thursday by her brother, Clayton, aged 21 years, with a .45 caliber rifle. The bullet entered her forehead and instantly killed her. The shooting is believed to have been accidental.

Near Odon, Ind., a farmer fed wheat to 16 hogs and from the sale thereof figures that the wheat brought him 91 cents per bushel.

SOVEREIGN'S SAYINGS.

The K. of L. Master Workmen Again Talk of Workmen Inaugurating a Revolution.

Des Moines, Ia., Oct. 26.—A meeting of laboring men held here Thursday evening General Master Workmen Sovereign, of the Knights of Labor, made dismal predictions as to the future of the country, and strongly intimated that workmen would yet be compelled to resort to force to secure their rights.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the American Railway Union. The principal speaker was L. W. Rogers, of Chicago, editor of the Railway Times, whose remarks contained nothing unusual.

Sovereign said, in part: "I tell you that I believe every word I say when I make that statement that, unless we can get control of the government from the president to the last congressman in 1906 the plotters will get in a government and grind us into the ground. They will make this a monarchy, or something equally as bad, and the little liberty we still have will be taken away."

"We must abandon our old ideas of strikes and go to the ballot box. I have been upon this line for some time, and I have the honor to be an executive officer of one of the leading labor organizations of the country, and as long as I am at the head of it I will march it to victory or I will march it to death. Either way in this way than not to march at all."

FREE PRESBYTERIANS.

A Pennsylvania Minister Who Is Breaking Up a Family.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Oct. 26.—The preaching of Rev. Dr. W. J. McCrory, pastor of the Free Presbyterian church, of Rochester, Pa., has created a sensation throughout the Beaver valley. His recent discourses, urging the practical application of the biblical laws concerning unequal marriages, has caused trouble in several homes, and may lead to divorce proceedings.

Based on statements on a portion of the sixth chapter of the Second Epistle to the Corinthians, which reads:

"You are not unequally yoked together with unbelievers: for what fellowship hath righteousness with unrighteousness and what communion hath light with darkness?"

Following this line of reasoning, he argued that where a Christian and an ungodly one were so yoked together a great sin was committed, and was repeated with every exercise of the prerogative of the bond.

McCrory's statements on a portion of the sixth chapter of the Second Epistle to the Corinthians, which reads: "You are not unequally yoked together with unbelievers: for what fellowship hath righteousness with unrighteousness and what communion hath light with darkness?"

DESPERATE ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE.

COLUMBIA, O., Oct. 26.—Fred Grisley, a mail-carrier living on the West Side, and who has been delirious from fever since Tuesday, snatched a piece of glass Thursday morning and cut a deep wound in his throat. He was taken to the hospital to require sewing up, but no sooner had the physician left than Grisley tore it into a terrible wound with his fingers. Two stitches were put in it, but these were soon torn out, and the patient was put under the influence of chloroform and six stitches put in. He is in a critical condition and may die.

AMERICA NEEDS IT.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—The new treatment by inoculation for diphtheria and scarlet fever, which is the subject of a special report to the state department by United States Consul W. Chancellor, of Havre. He says that the inoculation is a most valuable method of treatment, and that it would seem very desirable that the anti-diphtheria serum should be introduced into general use at the earliest period practicable in America.

A PROUDENTIAL ESCAPE.

GALLIPOLI, O., Oct. 26.—The children of the Garfield school at Gallipoli were dismissed Wednesday evening, when a monstrous rock from the apex of the hill behind the school crashed through the building, completely destroying the furniture of the room which the children had just left. Had Prof. Porter detained his scholars five minutes, probably 50 would have been crushed.

MULTIMILLIONAIRE, BUT WANTS MORE.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 26.—A suit involving mining property valued at \$2,343,750 will be tried at the present session of the federal court here. The plaintiff is the Chicago millionaire, J. V. Allen. He claims a one-third interest in the Illinois State mine, No. 2, in the Illinois hills.

WARDYARD KIDS ARRESTED.

FORTSMOUTH, O., Oct. 26.—Florence and English Smith, the two children who were found in their parents' home, were arrested here. They were found camping out with two men, and themselves wearing the clothing. They claim they thus disguised themselves so they could beat their way home.

WILL DEFEND COL.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 26.—Hon. J. D. Van Dusen, a prominent attorney of Delaware, has tendered his professional services to Col. A. B. Hoyt, of the Fourth regiment, in anticipation of the trial of the Fayette county grand jury.

BURNED WHILE AT THE LODGE.

LIMA, O., Oct. 26.—Wm. Wilder, while doing degree work at a lodge, was shot Thursday by his brother, Clayton, aged 21 years, with a .45 caliber rifle. The bullet entered her forehead and instantly killed her. The shooting is believed to have been accidental.

SHIP CANAL SURVEY.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 26.—Friday night a large delegation of Dayton business men will go to Cincinnati in the interest of the survey of the Miami and Erie ship canal.

STILL LIVES.

Last Words to His People From the Russian Monarch.

A Pathetic Scene in the Royal Sick Chamber at Livadia.

Ex-Empress Frederick, of Germany, Affected About the Czar's Illness—Prof. Zacharin Severely Blamed for His Mistaken Diagnosis.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The news from Livadia Thursday morning is very conflicting, each fresh telegram contradicting the preceding one, with the result that no one can make out what is the actual condition of the czar.

A dispatch from Frankfurt says that the ex-Empress Frederick of Germany is particularly affected about the czar's illness, and that she is in a comparatively recent death of her husband. It is added that she and the emperor, her son, have written letters of sympathy to the czarina.

St. Petersburg dispatches, Thursday morning, say there is a general feeling of indignation against Prof. Zacharin, whose mistaken diagnosis in the first place, it is claimed, was rendered injurious to the patient by the professor's negligence and lack of medical skill. Prof. Zacharin has been severely blamed, according to these advisers, by Prof. Leyden, and it is asserted, that should the czar die, it will be because proper treatment was not undertaken in time.

The dispatches referred to add that since the czar's illness has been subject to continual trembling and syncope. It is also stated that Wednesday night of the czar's illness, when he was in a state of comparative cheerfulness. During one of the latter periods the czar is said to have been left alone with the empress for an hour, and it is understood that during this interview the emperor dictated a loving message of farewell to Russia, which message will be issued upon his death. This message is said to be of a purely personal nature, and to have no bearing upon the political situation.

The czar is reported to be much gratified at the expressions of sympathy upon the part of the Russian people, and he is said to be fully realizing the gravity of his position.

BELLEVILLE, Oct. 26.—The Russian embassy here has received dispatches from St. Petersburg, Thursday morning, saying that a slight improvement has taken place in the czar's condition.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—A dispatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from Yalta says that symbols of joy and sorrow lodge each other everywhere in the neighborhood. State carriages and regiments of troops for the imperial marriage arrived at the same time as the mourning coaches and liveries of woe which will be required in the event of the czar's death.

NOTED CRANK.

Calls on the President and Demands a Return of the Bremen.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—A crank, and one of note, called Thursday morning on Dr. Joseph Bryant, 34 West Thirty-sixth street, where Bryant's medical school is stopping, and demanded to see the president.

The man's name is Richard Goedeler, of 114 West Fifty-seventh street. Goedeler is the same crank who, some years ago, wrote to Emperor William, of Germany, challenging him to a duel. Goedeler went up to Dr. Bryant's house about 9 o'clock.

He rang the doorbell violently, and when the butler responded demanded to see the president. The butler tried him quietly but firmly that the president could not be seen. Goedeler was finally obliged to go away. He is surrounded by a throng of private detectives is shown by the episode of the time of the arrest of the president at the time of Crank Goedeler's arrival. Mr. Goedeler could not be seen after the time he left Dr. Bryant's house.

UNABLE TO BE LYCHED.

WATKINS, Ga., Oct. 26.—A Negro, supposed to be Ephraim Meeker, the assassin of I. J. Brown, a prominent citizen of Watkins, was taken to the rest. If identified as Meeker, he will not escape lynching. Threats are made by Brown's friends to that effect. It was reported last year that Meeker had been captured and a mob had taken him from the officers and burned him alive, after ridding his body with bullets. This was untrue, as the lynched Negro was Meeker's accomplice in the murder.

WAR RELIES FOUND.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 26.—A stranger, who stopped with J. Cottrell, at Cumberland road, told him that in 1863, he and others buried a case of guns near their order of John H. Morgan. Wednesday, Mr. Cottrell dug down seven feet at the spot pointed out, and found them. There are twenty-two English Smiths, all in good condition. The man states there are other Morgan relics buried near.

FRENCH SOLDIERS KILLED.

BURST, France, Oct. 26.—While the cruiser Arctique was testing her engines Thursday preparatory to sailing for the east in order to reinforce the French squadron in Chinese waters a boiler exploded, took place on board, killing six men and badly scalding twenty.

LIVE FENCE CAUSES TROUBLE.

NORTH VANCOUVER, Ind., Oct. 26.—Wallace and Helper Dunes, brothers, living six miles west of here engaged in a fight over the location of a line fence. As a result, Wallace is not expected to live from wounds received about the head, made with a whip in the hands of Helper.

AWFUL EARTHQUAKE.

YOKOHAMA, Oct. 26.—Three thousand houses have been destroyed by a succession of violent earthquakes which struck the city. As far as is known, 300 lives have been lost and a large number of people have been injured.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Gathered From All Parts of the Country by Telegram.

Robert Bower is under arrest charged with embezzlement of \$8,200 from the India Wharf Brewing Co., New York. By a cave-in in the Penable mine at Ironwood, Mich., Thursday, one man was killed and eleven cut off from escape.

Controller Eckels left Washington Thursday on a short campaign tour, which will include a speech at Pittsburgh.

The president and Mrs. Cleveland and the two little Cleverlands and their nurses arrived in Washington at 10:19 Thursday night.

Immense destruction is being wrought by prairie fires in Cherry, Thomas, Grant, Hooker and Sheridan counties, Nebraska.

The Manufacturers' association, of Fall River, Mass., at a meeting Thursday afternoon, voted unanimously to make nocession to the wavers.

Government statistics just issued show that the indebtedness on the farms of Kentucky amounted to 40 per cent of the value—nearly one-half.

Mrs. Cleveland has consented to christen the steamship St. Louis, of the International Navigation Co., which will be launched from Cramp's shipyard, Philadelphia, November 12.

While the Widow Longyear, of Edinburg, Ind., was over the wash tub in received word that she had been allowed a pension and back pay amounting to \$1,004.00, and in the future will receive \$15 per month.

Capt. R. H. Pratt's fifteenth annual school of the Carlisle Indian school shows a successful year with advances in all departments. In that time only one death has occurred. There are now on farms 393 boys and 325 girls.

Several hundred people, including a dismembering man whom they sacrificed to their gods.

Judge Jonathan Dixon, of the New Jersey supreme court, was arraigned before Justice of the Peace Senior, of Paterson, N. J., Thursday, for violation of the game law. Judge Dixon pleaded not guilty. The case is to be heard next Thursday.

At Rest, while the cruiser Arctique was testing her engines, Thursday, preparatory to sailing for the east in order to reinforce the French squadron in Chinese waters, a boiler explosion took place on board, killing six men and badly scalding twenty.

Assistant Chief of the Columbus, O., Fire Department Walsh and a fireman named Tipston Lundie says that caught under the heavy slate roof in a burning barn Thursday night, and seriously injured. Their back seems to be dislocated. It is believed they are fatally injured.

THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 26.—

FLOUR—Sales of family at \$2.00; fancy at \$2.30; spring patent at \$3.40, winter patent at \$2.60.

WHEAT—Sales: No. 2 red hard at 99c; No. 3 hard at 98c; No. 4 hard at 97c; No. 5 hard at 96c; No. 6 hard at 95c; No. 7 hard at 94c; No. 8 hard at 93c; No. 9 hard at 92c; No. 10 hard at 91c; No. 11 hard at 90c; No. 12 hard at 89c; No. 13 hard at 88c; No. 14 hard at 87c; No. 15 hard at 86c; No. 16 hard at 85c; No. 17 hard at 84c; No. 18 hard at 83c; No. 19 hard at 82c; No. 20 hard at 81c; No. 21 hard at 80c; No. 22 hard at 79c; No. 23 hard at 78c; No. 24 hard at 77c; No. 25 hard at 76c; No. 26 hard at 75c; No. 27 hard at 74c; No. 28 hard at 73c; No. 29 hard at 72c; No. 30 hard at 71c; No. 31 hard at 70c; No. 32 hard at 69c; No. 33 hard at 68c; No. 34 hard at 67c; No. 35 hard at 66c; No. 36 hard at 65c; No. 37 hard at 64c; No. 38 hard at 63c; No. 39 hard at 62c; No. 40 hard at 61c; No. 41 hard at 60c; No. 42 hard at 59c; No. 43 hard at 58c; No. 44 hard at 57c; No. 45 hard at 56c; No. 46 hard at 55c; No. 47 hard at 54c; No. 48 hard at 53c; No. 49 hard at 52c; No. 50 hard at 51c; No. 51 hard at 50c; No. 52 hard at 49c; No. 53 hard at 48c; No. 54 hard at 47c; No. 55 hard at 46c; No. 56 hard at 45c; No. 57 hard at 44c; No. 58 hard at 43c; No. 59 hard at 42c; No. 60 hard at 41c; No. 61 hard at 40c; No. 62 hard at 39c; No. 63 hard at 38c; No. 64 hard at 37c; No. 65 hard at 36c; No. 66 hard at 35c; No. 67 hard at 34c; No. 68 hard at 33c; No. 69 hard at 32c; No. 70 hard at 31c; No. 71 hard at 30c; No. 72 hard at 29c; No. 73 hard at 28c; No. 74 hard at 27c; No. 75 hard at 26c; No. 76 hard at 25c; No. 77 hard at 24c; No. 78 hard at 23c; No. 79 hard at 22c; No. 80 hard at 21c; No. 81 hard at 20c; No. 82 hard at 19c; No. 83 hard at 18c; No. 84 hard at 17c; No. 85 hard at 16c; No. 86 hard at 15c; No. 87 hard at 14c; No. 88 hard at 13c; No. 89 hard at 12c; No. 90 hard at 11c; No. 91 hard at 10c; No. 92 hard at 9c; No. 93 hard at 8c; No. 94 hard at 7c; No. 95 hard at 6c; No. 96 hard at 5c; No. 97 hard at 4c; No. 98 hard at 3c; No. 99 hard at 2c; No. 100 hard at 1c; No. 101 hard at 0c; No. 102 hard at 0c; 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